

Experimental Investigation On reuse of Plastic Waste in Paver Block

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ABSTRACT-

The aim of this project is to replace cement with plastic waste in paver blocks and to reduce the cost of Paver blocks. When compared to that of conventional Concrete Paver block, at present nearly 59 lakh tones of plastic waste is produced in India per year the degradation rate of plastic waste is also very slow process hence this project is useful in reducing plastic waste in a useful way in this project we have used a plastic waste in different proportion with Sand coarse aggregate and ceramic waste. The Paver blocks where prepared and tested and the results were discussed.

KeyWords:Paverblocks, PlasticWaste, CeramicWaste

provided by our government.

Plastic wastes

Reduce, Reuse and Recycle of plastics are essential to make environment greener and safer.



Types of plastics

Plastic materials include as follows,

- 1) Polypropylene(PP)
- 2) Polystyrene(PS)
- 3) High impact polystyrene(HIPS)
- 4) Acrylonitrilebutadienestyrene(ABS)
- 5) Polyethylene terephthalate(PET)
- 6) Polyester(PES)
- 7) Polyamides(PA)
- 8) Poly(vinyl chloride)(PVC)

Factors affecting recycling of plastics

Recycling and re-utilization of waste plastics have several advantages. Recycling and re-utilization of waste plastics lead to a reduction of the use of virgin materials and of the use of energy, thus also a reduction of carbon dioxide emissions. Economically, in some cases, plastics recycling may be profitable. However, a number of factors can complicate the practice of plastics recycling, such as the collection of the plastic waste, separation of different types of plastics, cleaning of the waste and possible pollution of the plastics. A further complicating factor is the

I. INTRODUCTION

Paver block paving is versatile, aesthetically attractive, functional and cost effective and requires little or no maintenance. It is correctly manufactured and lead most concrete block paving constructed in India also performed satisfactorily but to main area of concern or occasional sell your due to excessive surface wear and variability in the strength of blocks natural resources are depleting worldwide at the same time. The generated waste from the industry and residential area are increasing. The sustainable development of construction involves the use of non-conventional and innovative materials and recycling of waste material in order to compensate the lack of natural resources and to find alternative ways conserving the Plastic waste used in this work was brought from the surrounding area currently about 5600000 ton of plastic waste dumping in India in a year the dump the waste of the surrounding environment as the result it affects both human beings and animals in direct and indirect way since it is necessary to dispose the plastic with properly as per the regulation.

low-value nature of most of the products that can be manufactured from recycled plastics. Reusing plastic is preferable to recycling as it uses less energy and fewer resources.

OBJECTIVE OF PROJECT

1. To utilize the Industrial Waste Material.
2. To reduce waste disposal problems of industries.
3. To reduce the CO₂ emission while producing Portland cement.
4. To minimize the utilization of natural resources material.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

P.Saravanan, Assistant Professor, (2017): Discusses that, the following conclusions were drawn from the experimental investigation. The utilization of waste plastic in production of paver block has productive way of disposal of plastic waste. The cost of paver block is reduced when compared to that of concrete paver block. Paver block made using plastic waste, quarry dust, coarse aggregate and ceramic waste have shown better result. It also shows good heat resistance. Though the compressive strength is low when compared to the concrete paver block it can be used in pedestrian path and cycle way etc. It can be used in Non-traffic and light traffic road.
F. Pacheco Torgala, Yining Dingb (2012): Discuss that, Tire rubber and PET wastes represent a serious environmental issue that needs to be addressed with urgency by the scientific community. Investigations carried out so far reveal that tire waste concrete is specially recom-

mended for concrete structures located in areas of severe earthquake risk and also for applications submitted to severe dynamic actions like railways sleepers. This material can also be used for non-load-bearing purposes such as noise reduction barriers. Investigations about rubber waste concrete show that concrete performance is dependent on the waste aggregates. Further investigations are needed to clarify for instance which are the characteristics that maximize concrete performance. As to PET based concrete the investigations show that this material is very dependent on the wastes. At present PET bras are already used to replace steel bras and some author's even report the use of PET concrete mixtures for repairing concrete structures submitted to high underwater erosion. Nevertheless, future investigations should clarify which treatments can maximize concrete performance being responsible for the lowest environmental impact. Further investigations should also be carried out about the use of other polymers wastes in concrete.

PROPERTIES OF PLASTIC

Plastic waste used in making paver block was collected from the surrounding locality LDPE is indicated by resin number
4. It includes plastic bags. The plastic bag used is of about 50 microns.

The basic properties are provided below.

PROPERTIES OF LDPE

S.N.	Particulars	Value
1	Melting point	150°
2	Thermal coefficient of expansion	100-200X10 ⁻⁶
3	Density	0.910-0.940
4	Tensile strength	0.20-0.40(N/mm ²)

PROPERTIES OF FINE SAND

In the present investigation fine aggregate is natural sand from local market is used. The properties of fine aggregate like specific gravity, bulk density, gradation and

fineness modulus are tested in accordance with IS 2386.

The basic properties are provided below.

PROPERTIES OF FINE SAND

SN	Description	Value
1	Specific gravity	2.479
2	Grading zone	Zone II of soil
3	Fineness modulus	2.952
4	Water absorption	1.80

Methodology

Plastic wastes are heated in a metal bucket at a temp of above 150°. As a result of heating the plastic waste melt. The materials quarry dust, aggregate and other materials as described in previous chapter are added to it in right proportion at molten state of plastic and well mixed. The metal mould is cleaned through at using waste

cloth. Now this mixture is transferred to the mould. It will be in hot condition and compact it well to reduce internal pore present in it. Then the blocks are allowed to dry for 24 hours so that they harden. After drying the paver block is removed from the moulds and ready for use.

2. COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

Compression Strength Result For Block Type 1

Proportion Name	Plastic Waste	Sand	Coarse Aggregate	Compressive Stress(N/Sq.m)
PPB-1	1kg	1.4kg	0.700kg	6.76
PPB-2	1.5kg	1.4kg	0.700kg	7.35
PPB-3	2kg	1.4kg	0.700kg	7.92
				Avg=5.01

Compression Strength Result For Block Type 2

Proportion Name	Plastic Waste	Sand	Coarse Aggregate	Ceramic waste	Compressive Stress(N/Sq.m)
PPB-1	2.5kg	1.4 kg	0.700kg	0.700 kg	9.45
PPB-2	3kg	1.4 kg	0.700kg	0.700 kg	9.67
PPB-3	3.5kg	1.4 kg	0.700kg	0.700 kg	10.15
					Avg=9.75

Compression Strength Result For Block Type 3

Proportion Name	Plastic Waste	Sand	Coarse Aggregate	Ceramic waste	Compressive Stress(N/Sq.m)
PPB-1	4kg	1.4kg	0.700kg	0.75kg	18.62
PPB-2	4.5kg	1.4kg	0.700kg	0.75kg	17.50
PPB-3	5kg	1.4kg	0.700kg	0.75kg	19.87
					Avg=18.65

III. CONCLUSIONS

- The utilization of waste plastic in production of paver block has productive way of disposal of plastic waste.
- The cost of paver block is reduced when compared to that of concrete paver block.
- Paver block made using plastic waste, quarry dust, c

oarse aggregate and ceramic waste have shown better result.

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